

We use the idea of *water displacement* to find the volume of odd shaped objects. An object will displace, or move, an amount of water equal to its own volume.

We use a graduated cylinder to measure volume in milliliters (ml). This is what a graduated cylinder looks like:



A *meniscus* is the curved wave line that the liquid makes inside the graduated cylinder. To tell how many milliliters of liquid are in a graduated cylinder, you must read the bottom of the meniscus wave.

There are 5 different objects at this station.

- 1. Select one of the objects (it doesn't matter which one). Write the name of the object on your answer sheet.
- 2. **Estimate** the volume of the object in ml.
- 3. Record this estimation in on your answer sheet.
- 4. Find the actual volume of the object by filling the graduated cylinder or beaker halfway with water. Record the amount, or volume of water in the data chart.
- 5. Carefully drop the object into the beaker or graduated cylinder. Hold the object over the pan while you measure volume. Record the new volume of water.
- 6. Subtract the original volume of water from the new volume; this difference is the volume of the object.
- 7. Record the actual volume of the object on your answer sheet.
- 8. Repeat each step with each object.